MAJOR AND MINOR ADVISING

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1. Why Academic Advising Matters

The goal of Academic Advising is to help undergraduate students explore, define, and achieve their academic goals. Advisors do so by helping them understand themselves and helping them learn to use the resources of the college to meet their educational needs.

All research about the impact of faculty-student contact and advising finds that we, as faculty advisors, have the power to affect student outcomes positively. We can do this by meeting our students regularly, knowing who they are, and taking an interest in their concerns.

One of the first terms used to describe this interaction is “engagement.” Engagement influences learning; effective colleges actively engage students through advising. Frequent and meaningful contact with faculty members, especially contact focusing on intellectual or career-related issues, increases students’ engagement and motivation.

Most students expect specific answers to short-term questions about courses, schedules, and procedures from advisors. But advising can be viewed in a broader way. Advisors who first encourage students to consider larger questions about educational and career goals and then help students plan their courses of study share responsibility for advising with students. As students frame questions about the future and seek the information they need to formulate answers, they practice the self-efficacy that is fundamental to their success in future situations. Advisors facilitate this process.

In addition to faculty involvement, student persistence is critical to obtaining a college degree and it is an important criterion by which success in college is measured. At John Jay, only 43% of students graduate within six years. Studies have shown that a student’s sense of belonging is directly related to their persistence, or decisions made to remain in school. This sense of belonging is increased or decreased through interactions with the academic and social environments of the university, especially with professors.

The only variable that has a direct effect on student persistence is the quality of a relationship with significant member(s) of the college community. The primary negative characteristic linked to student attrition is inadequate academic advising. So what’s the bottom line? With a little effort, faculty advisors have tremendous power to make a positive difference in students’ lives.
2. Structure of Undergraduate Academic Advising

2a. General Education Advising

**Academic Advising Center:**
The AAC’s main focus is helping students understand and work toward fulfilling the General Education courses and prerequisites to their major. The AAC serves:

- **Freshmen** (students who have 0-29 credits)
- **Continuing Students**
- **In-Service Students** (veterans, police officers, firefighters, and corrections officers)
- **New Transfer Students**
- **Readmitted Students**
- **Students on Academic Probation**
- **The AAC also assists academic departments by providing supplemental major advising to students in the following majors:** Criminal Justice BS (CJBS), Forensic Psychology, International Criminal Justice, Political Science, and Law & Society

Contact: Academic Advising Manager Louise Freymann, lfreymann@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 484-1123 or Interim Director of Academic Advising, Katherine Munet-Pabon, kmunet@jjay.cuny.edu, (646) 557-4663.

Location: L73.00 NB General Phone: (646) 557-4872
Website: [http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/academic-advisement-center](http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/academic-advisement-center)

**SEEK:**
Students enrolled in the SEEK program receive their General Education advising from SEEK counselors. Contact: Monika Son, mson@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 237-8182, or the student’s individual counselor.

**Honors Program:**
Students in the Honors Program receive General Education advising from the program. Contact: Litna McNickle, lmcnickle@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 237-8553 or Alana Phillips, aphilip@jjay.cuny.edu; 212-484-1122

**Macaulay Honors College at John Jay:**
Macaulay students receive all General Education and Macaulay requirements advising from the program. Contact: Adrienne Fitzgerald, afitzgerald@jjay.cuny.edu, (212) 393-6407

**Athletics:**
Student Athletes receive academic advising from the program. Contact: Deanna Sannuti, dsannuti@jjay.cuny.edu, (212) 621-3799
2b. Advising for Post-Graduate Schools, Fellowships, and Careers

Ronald E. McNair Post-Baccalaureate Achievement Program: This program encourages first generation students who meet specific income requirements (as well as students from underrepresented populations) to pursue graduate study, providing academically enriching experiences, an opportunity to conduct independent research, and mentoring to prepare students for graduate school admission and eventual doctoral study. Contact: Erica Klafehn, Program Assistant, eklafenh@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 237-8765 or Dr. Ernest Lee, Associate Director, elee@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 237-8760.

Pre-Law Institute and Center for Post-Graduate Opportunities: Students interested in going to law school receive tailored advising and access to an array of programs that prepare them to apply to law school. This Center also provides advising for non-law related fellowships and graduate school applications. Contact: Dr. Charles Robert Davidson, pli@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 237-8116

The Ronald H. Brown Law School Prep Program (in collaboration with St. John’s University School of Law): The Ronald H. Brown Law School Prep Program prepares students for the challenges of law school, the LSAT and the law school application process. The Sophomore Program includes law school courses taught by actual law school faculty, internships with judges and lawyers working in a variety of practice settings. The Junior Program engages students in a comprehensively designed LSAT prep course. Both programs help give the Ronald H. Brown Prep Program students an edge in the admissions process. If you have questions about this program, please call (212) 237-8710.

Pre-Health Advising: Students interested in going to medical school or other health-related post-graduate programs receive tailored advising and learn about opportunities. Contact: Edgardo Sanabria-Valentin, esanabriavalentin@jjay.cuny.edu, to set up an appointment.

Center for Career and Professional Development The Career Center provides individual career counseling, regular workshops, career panels, and networking events such as career fairs to help students explore career options and test their interests through internships and other practical experiences. Contact the Career Center at careers@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 237-8754 For Internships, contact: Katheryn Crawford, kcrawford@jjay.cuny.edu; (212) 237-8438
3. Structure of a John Jay Bachelor’s Degree

120 credits = Bachelor’s degree

2.0 minimum GPA overall & in major

**Major Requirements**
- 30 CUNY Common Core + 12 College Option

**General Education**

**Electives**

**9-45 Credits**
- Can be used for Second Major, Minor(s) or General Electives

**33-75 Credits**
4. General Education Requirements

For lists of courses that meet the New General Education reqs:
http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/general-education-requirements
The *Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act* of 1974 (FERPA) is a federal law designed to protect the privacy of education records, to establish the right of students to inspect and review their education records, and to provide guidelines for the correction of inaccurate and misleading data through informal and formal hearings. The Act applies to all institutions that are recipients of federal aid administered by the Secretary of Education. Students who are currently enrolled or were formerly enrolled regardless of their age or financial dependency status are protected under FERPA.

**What does this mean for faculty/staff at John Jay College?**

- Without specific permission, faculty and staff **cannot** tell parents/guardians anything about a student’s academic progress, status, GPA, any issues discussed with the student.
- Without specific permission, faculty and staff **can** tell parents/guardians about major/minor requirements, opportunities in the major, academic policies and procedures (since this is general information), just not anything specific to an individual student.
- For parents/guardians to gain access to the educational and financial records of a student, the student must fill out the form on this website [http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/forms/Academic_Financial_Information.pdf](http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/forms/Academic_Financial_Information.pdf) and submit it in person with a photo i.d. to Jay Express.

To verify if a student has signed an authorized release form, go into the CUNYfirst Advisee Student Center for that student and click on General Info at the top of the page. If the student has given permission, you should see “Release Info Authorization” (REL) under the Service Indicator section. Clicking on it should show who the student has authorized to receive his or her academic and/or financial information.
6. Best Practices for Major and Minor Advisors

- **Listen**
  This may sound obvious, but even the best advisors can use a reminder now and then about the importance of listening well. When things get busy, it's easy to slide into an advising dynamic that simply focuses on a checklist and misses the value of a real conversation. The most helpful advising discussions are ones in which you give each student your full attention, hear that particular student's questions and concerns, and create a welcoming atmosphere that encourages a student to speak up. People can always tell when someone is really hearing them, and it makes a huge difference.

- **Remember that advising is a skill**
  You are an expert in your field, but good advising in your discipline is a kind of expertise in itself that requires knowledge, patience and tweaking over time as you learn from your student interactions. Be clear about what students need to know about requirements, choices within the major, and sequencing of courses so you can help them plan ahead.

- **Ask questions that show interest and encourage student self-reflection**
  Many students don't expect faculty and staff to ask them questions outside the classroom, but they relish that kind of interest. Ask how they like John Jay, what courses they've most enjoyed, if they have any strong interests or goals at this point. Just the act of asking such questions sends the message that you care, that they matter, that you expect them to be thinking about these things so they can have the most satisfying and personally meaningful education possible.

- **Encourage student questions**
  Many students are not in the habit of asking questions, or are simply shy about asking them for fear of seeming unintelligent or annoying. It's part of their education to learn the importance of asking intelligent questions and not to be silent when they don't know something. The smartest, most successful students know when they're in need of information, guidance, and perspective, and they go get it. Ask students if they have any questions, and if they need more prompting, ask them something more specific, such as if they have any questions about major requirements or what courses to take next or what opportunities the major can offer them.

- **Address questions that the student should be asking, even if the student doesn't ask them!**
  You can't read student minds, but you know what students need to know about your major. Even as you encourage their questions, fill in the blanks if certain important questions aren't being asked, such as what are the necessary prerequisites for upcoming major courses, etc.
• **Emphasize the importance of thoughtful planning**
  Make sure students understand that checking off a list of requirements isn’t the goal of pursuing a major. Interest and thought has brought the student to this major, and now more thought is involved in planning just how to complete these requirements. Why are some courses considered “foundation” courses? What courses might well be taken together? Which courses have prerequisites that are not immediately obvious? If there are major “elective” courses, which ones look most interesting to that particular student? What kind of course pacing will allow the student to graduate within a four-year period, given other academic requirements, extracurricular involvements, and personal obligations? None of this needs to take up too much time, either. Students can stare at a list of courses, but it’s up to them to work with you to create an actual plan.

Be sure your students know about John Jay’s [Major Resource Pages](#), since they will help with all aspects of major planning!

• **Make sure students leave with a clear understanding of next steps**
  Advisors are sometimes surprised when students don’t always understand what they should do next, or what courses they should take in the upcoming semester, when they thought this was all very clearly spelled out for the student. Sometimes the student will actually have a major checklist in hand but not be sure of how to interpret it in terms of his or her own actions. It’s not insulting to ask the student if s/he is clear about courses to take or where to go for additional information. For instance, if you have told a student about the importance of using the Bulletin while looking at the degree audit, make sure the student understands how to access the Bulletin and the degree audit. If you have told a student to make an appointment with an Academic Advisor, make sure the student knows where the Academic Advisement Center is and how to make that appointment.

• **Make sure student has signed documentation of progress in major**
  Departments often call their forms Major Checklists and fill them out during the major advising appointment. Students appreciate having an official form to carry with them and refer to after the appointment. It documents the conversation, showing which requirements have been met, which are in progress, and which ones still need to be completed. Reminder: It’s important that whatever form is handed to a student reflects the requirements in effect when the student declared your major. For this reason, it’s helpful to have some kind of notation on your advising form that indicates “For students declaring the major in Fall 2018 or after” or whatever is appropriate and clear.

• **Welcome and respond to responsible contact from students**
  We all want students to take responsibility for their education and be active rather than passive when making their decisions. Students see faculty as mentors, and the brave ones will reach out through email or visits to your office hours, seeking advice. As long as they are respectful of your time and don’t overstep appropriate boundaries, welcome this show of initiative and give them whatever attention you can spare. They will not only appreciate your interest, they will be all the more motivated to stay in school.
• **If you don’t know something, know where to look for accurate information!** Sometimes you’re not the best person to address a student situation or answer a particular question. Knowing whom to call/email or where to send a student is part of excellent advising, and can create a network of helpful resources over time. The *Quick Answer Chart* in this Handbook should point you toward the right people.

• **Be firm but positive when handling a challenging student situation** There are any number of advising scenarios that can be challenging, including student academic difficulty—and even failure—in the major or a student aggressively wanting you to waive a requirement or grant a course substitution. This is where your compassion can combine with a certain amount of healthy firmness and honesty to serve students well. A student doing poorly in your major is not your fault, but you can help that student by talking about the causes of this trouble, discussing tutoring (if available), exploring whether the student genuinely wants to stay in the major, and—if you think it appropriate—making the student aware of other major options that might be a good fit, just as something to consider. Feel free to refer students to The Academic Advisement Center, where advisors can help students explore other major options as well. Throughout, you can express your confidence that the student is capable of succeeding at John Jay, but should pay close attention to his/her level of satisfaction in the major and ability in the major. Some students struggle in one major and thrive in another. Once again, the message to students is that they should be thinking about their choice and continually asking themselves, based on experience, is this a good path for me?

When a student pushes you to waive a requirement or grant a substitution, remember that requirements exist for a reason, and should only be waived or substituted *if you believe this is appropriate*. The student requests this action on your part, but in your view is it reasonable and ethical? Sometimes the desire to be kind and fair can make an advisor consider an exception that isn’t feasible. In that situation, simply explain why you can’t say yes. Then offer to help the student come up with an alternative plan. Students can handle disappointing news best if they see you are trying to work with them as helpfully as possible.

If you are unsure if a substitution is appropriate, confer with your Chair, the Director of Undergraduate Studies, Kathy Killoran, or the Dean of Undergraduate Studies.
7. Ten Questions to Consider When Advising a Student

You are the major/minor expert in your department, but it never hurts to have some reminders about what to include in your advising conversations. At best, your discussion is not just about reviewing a checklist, but taking the time to explain or clarify information related to the major, offer course suggestions, look ahead as you help the student plan, offer whatever career advice you can, and make sure you've either answered all questions or referred the student to the appropriate resources.

1. *When* did the student declare the major?
   - Follow the appropriate Undergraduate Bulletin for that academic year and note whether the student’s degree audit is following that Bulletin so the student fulfills the appropriate requirements.
   - If a student is not following the requirements for the year in which s/he declared the major, the Registrar will not allow that student to graduate.

Remember that the **Major Resource Pages** make it easy for you and your students to determine when the student declared the major and access requirements in the appropriate Bulletin.

2. What major requirements has the student met?

3. Which major requirements are currently in progress?

4. Which major requirements are still needed?

5. If the student has choices/options in meeting major requirements, is s/he clear about those options?

6. Are there any particular major *prerequisites* to draw the student’s attention to?
   - Any course restrictions are always listed clearly in the Bulletin, after the course description, and you can also see them in CUNYfirst when you use Course Search and click on the course’s section link for further information.

   - ENG 101 is a prerequisite for all 200 level courses.
   - ENG 201 is a prerequisite for any 300- and 400-level course.
   - Be aware of other prerequisites for your major courses as you help students plan ahead. Examples:
     - Many majors require LAW 203, which requires not only ENG 101 but at least sophomore standing (30 credits earned). This is true for other 200 level law courses as well.

   - In any major where courses build on each other/are sequential, make sure students know about this. Examples:
• Forensic Psychology, one example: MAT 108 or 141 is the prerequisite for STA 250, STA 250 + PSY 200 are prerequisites for PSY 311, PSY 311 is a prerequisite for most of the 400 level Forensic Psychology major options.

• Criminology majors must meet all of the following BEFORE they take SOC 440: Senior standing (90+ credits), ENG 201, SOC 203, SOC 314, STA 250, SSC 325.

• As of Spring 2017, CJBS students must have taken not only CJBS 101 but at least MAT 105 (or higher, depending on math placement) or STA 250 before they take CJBS 250, which is the prerequisite for CJBS 300, which is the prerequisite for CJBS 415.

• Many major 300 level courses require at least junior standing (60 credits earned), and 400 level courses often require senior standing (90 credits earned).

Help students plan ahead! Tell them to pay attention not only to the major course descriptions but to their prerequisites as well. If you know that certain courses later on will require prerequisites not particularly obvious to the student, bring this up in your advising conversation.

Students can find important planning tips in the Plan Ahead section of the Major Resource Pages.

7. Are there important pacing strategies/wise combinations of major courses that the student should be aware of? Students want and appreciate your suggestions!

8. What advising form/documentation will you give the student to take away from the appointment, clearly indicating the requirements met, in progress, needed?

NOTE: Any major/minor checklist or form given to students should reflect the appropriate requirements according to when they declared the major/minor and must correspond to what is written in that year’s Undergraduate Bulletin! For example, if your major changed requirements in Fall 2017 and you are talking with a student who declared the major in Fall 2015 or Spring 2016, the student is NOT responsible for the new requirements, but rather for the ones in effect during the 2015-2016 academic year (see that Bulletin, and the degree audit should be following it as well). Exception: If the student declared your major in an earlier year, but then was away for more than one full (Fall or Spring) term, the student must follow the version of the major in effect during the academic year when s/he returns. Major advisors can make an exception to this rule. Contact Kathy Killoran (kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu), who will make sure the system reflects the appropriate requirement term.

If a continuing student declares your major/minor in summer of a given year, then the student would follow the previous academic year’s Bulletin. This does not apply to brand new freshmen and incoming transfer students who declare a major when they arrive at John Jay for the first time during a summer session. Even if they take classes that first summer, these new students will follow the upcoming year’s Bulletin.
9. Is the student pursuing double majors or one or more minors? Remember we allow double majors* and some students will have one or more minors (note that they can’t overlap more than two courses between major and major, major and minor, minor and minor). This applies to certificates as well. Double majors/minors will show on the degree audit. Sometimes in DegreeWorks a course that could overlap between major and minor will appear in only one place: make sure to look at the audit carefully.

*Double majors are allowed when the desired majors each require fewer than 45 credits. Students who would like to pursue a double major involving one or two majors requiring 45+ credits may seek approval from the Office of Undergraduate Studies.

Note: Students who complete requirements for two majors will receive one diploma and the degree associated with the first major declared. This first official major determines whether the student earns a BA or a BS degree, and the second major will be indicated by a comment on the student’s transcript. If a student would rather have their second declared major be considered their first official major, s/he can make this change at Jay Express. Students who wish to earn a double/dual degree rather than simply one degree with two majors, must complete an additional 30 credits beyond 120 to do so. See the Undergraduate Bulletin under “Double Majors.”

10. If the student requests a course substitution, is it appropriate? See p. 13 under Best Practices. This is your call!
8. Major Advising and Transfer Students

Some transfer students arrive at John Jay after only a semester or two at another college, while others may transfer in many credits and possibly a degree. All transfer students need to be particularly careful in their academic planning, since they may not have room for any more elective credit and need to be very certain of how many more general education courses and major courses they still need to graduate. **No matter how many credits a transfer student brings in, s/he needs at least 30 credits in residence at John Jay and at least half of the student’s major credits need to be earned at John Jay.** These students may have individual issues and questions, but here are some highlights of common transfer student concerns:

Transfer students and prerequisites:

Many transfer students arrive at John Jay having completed some kind of Associate Degree (AA, AS, AAS). If they haven’t spoken with an Academic Advisor, they should make an appointment with one, especially since the Degree Audit may be inaccurate in the way it presents these students’ general education requirements. Please refer them to the Academic Advisement Center (L73.00 NB) to schedule an appointment on-line. Encourage any transfer student to consult with an Academic Advisor to confirm what requirements are still needed. The Academic Advisement Center also has a site devoted to [transfer student information and services](#).

It’s great when transfer students arrive with MAT 105, 108, 141, 241, or 242 credit because you’ll know they have either met the math requirement for your major (if your major has a math requirement) or at least you know what their next course should be. Sometimes, however, transfer students will have taken a math course that is not equivalent to one of the above courses, and the credit evaluators in the Office of Testing and Credit Evaluation post it as generic college math credit (usually the designation is MAT 1 or 2). Often, depending on the course, they will approve such credit to meet the Math and Quantitative Reasoning general education requirement; however, even if such a course meets the general education math requirement, your major may require further math. **Note that CUNY is phasing out all placement exams and replacing them with metrics based on students’ high school academic performance. They are working with campuses on scales to determine what an entering student’s math course should be.**

Transfer students who have previously earned a Bachelor’s degree and wish to pursue a second Bachelor’s degree at John Jay are done with general education requirements, unless by some chance they never completed ENG 101 and ENG 201. They should check in with an Academic Advisor to be clear about degree criteria. The main thing for major advisors to keep in mind is that for students pursuing a second Bachelor’s degree, they need to earn at least 30 credits in pursuit of their second degree with at least half of their major credits earned in residence.
9. Advising the Graduating Senior

Once a student completes 105 credits, s/he can file an official GRADUATION APPLICATION in order to be audited and considered for graduation (this is different from the DegreeWorks Degree Audit that the student checks through the CUNY Portal). Students file for Graduation in their Student Center in CUNYFirst. They click the “Other Academics” drop down menu, select “Apply for Graduation,” then click on the circle to the right to proceed. After selecting their program and the term they wish to apply for, students can then submit the graduation application.

Students are not eligible for this service unless they have completed a minimum of 105 credits and both their cumulative GPA and major GPA are at least a 2.0. They should look at their transcript in CUNYfirst and also check DegreeWorks to decide whether they are ready to submit a graduation application.

If a student has applied to graduate but doesn’t hear from the Registrar within three to four weeks after filing (students receive letters via John Jay email confirming their status), s/he can check in CUNYfirst under the Academics section to see the status of their application.

Encourage students to read the notes at the bottom of their DegreeWorks record. When their record has been audited by the Registrar, there will be a note posted with the outcome (Pending if all is ok, Denied if the student is missing a requirement, InReview if the overall or major GPA is below 2.0).

If students encounter any problems applying for graduation, they should contact Jay Express Services or send an email either to registraraudit@jjay.cuny.edu or registrar@jjay.cuny.edu. Someone will respond within 72 hours.

For all questions related to commencement, find helpful information at http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/graduation.

GLOSSARY FOR UNDERGRADUATE GRADUATION STATUS IN CUNYFIRST

Eligible to Apply: Student has completed at least 105 credits or will have at least 105 credits completed by end of the semester.

Applied: Student has applied for graduation in CUNYfirst.

Pending: Record has been audited and pending successful completion of current courses, requirements will be done and Registrar will confer the degree.

Approved: Record shows all grades posted and student has met all degree requirements.

Denied: Record has been audited; student is missing a necessary degree requirement.

Awarded: Second review of record done, all requirements met, degree has been conferred.

InReview: Student’s overall GPA and/or major GPA is less than 2.0. Another review will be done after the semester is over and grades are posted.
10. Essential Advising Tools

Undergraduate Bulletin

The Undergraduate Bulletin (also known as the College Catalog) is revised every academic year, and contains the College’s rules, policies, academic calendar, general education requirements, and major/minor requirements. It is essential that all faculty and staff who advise students consult it regularly. Remember that students are responsible for whatever major requirements were in effect when they declared the major/minor, so consult the Bulletin for that particular academic year. At http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/collegebulletins click on the appropriate academic year for the student you’re advising. You can see when students have declared a major or minor on their transcript in CUNYfirst. (You can also click on the Academics tab in CUNYfirst, especially if there is some question about whether a student declared your major in a summer term). Degree Works was created to follow and enforce the Bulletin, and both of these resources are best used together for accuracy and clarity.

Remember that the Major Resource Pages provide an easy way for students to connect to the requirements for their major via the appropriate Undergraduate Bulletin.

Every now and then your academic department may wish to change its major requirements. This is just a reminder that even if there are expected changes to your major and you know the changes have been approved, students are not responsible for these new requirements unless they appear officially in the Undergraduate Bulletin—and remember that students who declared before that Bulletin may follow the requirements of whatever Bulletin was in effect when they declared.

DegreeWorks

Degree Works is an on-line tool that helps students track their own progress towards graduation, showing important information such as official major, overall GPA and major GPA, which general requirements and major/minor requirements they have met, which requirements are in progress, and which requirements they still need to complete. Degree Works is designed to follow requirements outlined in the Undergraduate Bulletin, so it should always be used with that catalog. General advisors and Major/Minor advisors should consult Degree Works when advising students, referring to the appropriate Bulletin and the actual student record in CUNYfirst to ensure accuracy.

DegreeWorks features of high interest to major advisors:

• Student’s official major is listed at the very top of the DegreeWorks audit.
• Scroll down to the Prerequisites for the major section and note if they have been completed.
• In the Major section of DegreeWorks, you will see the student’s major GPA at the top.
• In the Major section, note the Academic Year indicated (this is the Undergraduate Bulletin DegreeWorks is following for major requirements) and see if it is following the Bulletin in effect when the student declared the major. To confirm when the student declared a major, look at the unofficial transcript in CUNYfirst, which lists the declared major directly under each term. You can also find this information in the Academics section of CUNYfirst. NOTE: if a student declared a major and then was away from the College for two or more consecutive full semesters, the student must follow the major requirements in effect when s/he returns. Any exception to this must be approved by the student’s major coordinator or Kathy Killoran (kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu).

• Look at the DegreeWorks completed/in progress/ needed courses and confirm accuracy by looking at the student’s unofficial transcript in CUNYfirst and consulting the appropriate Undergraduate Bulletin.

• If you notice any inaccuracies related to the major in DegreeWorks, contact Kathy Killoran (kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu; 212-237-8263) to request changes or, for a problem with a specific student's DegreeWorks, contact Ivette Rivera (ivrivera@jjay.cuny.edu; (646) 557-4716.
How to Access Your Degree Audit

- Go to www.cuny.edu using the internet browser Mozilla Firefox.

- In the upper right side, click on [Log in] and then DegreeWorks.

- Click on DegreeWorks.

- Type in your CUNY First Username and Password.

- Please note that Degree Audit may not recognize if you have earned an Associate Degree, and therefore may display General Education courses still needed that you have already completed. An Academic Advisor can confirm the General Education requirements that you still need to fulfill.

If you plan to CHANGE your Major, follow the steps below:

- Click the “What If” button on the left hand side.

- Select the appropriate Degree and Major you plan to declare.

- Then click the “Process What-If” button.

To officially declare a new major, go to Jay Express and submit a Major Declaration form.

If you do not know your CUNY First Username and/or Password, follow the steps below:

- On the CUNY First Log In page, click “Forgot Your Password” and follow the steps listed.

- If after doing these steps you are still experiencing difficulties, please call the Help Desk at 212-237-8200 to have your account reset.
CUNYfirst

CUNYfirst is a student record system that has a huge range of features, including the student unofficial transcript, course history, a course search function, Registrar notes, and the student course registration system. You will access it regularly in your advising work with students, particularly because you'll want to look at the unofficial transcript for an overview of each student's academic career.

**CUNYfirst features of high interest to major advisors**

**Access the student's Unofficial Transcript:**

- From HR/Campus Solutions click on Self Service, and then click on Advisee Student Center under Advisor Center.
- Put in student name or EMPL ID
- Click on the drop-down box titled “other academic” under the blue bar titled Academics
- Select Transcript: View Unofficial and click on the >> button to the right
- For Report Type click on Advisor Unofficial Copy. There can be a delay of up to a minute to process this request before the report loads. Be sure to enable pop-ups on your web browser!

**Access Enrollment Information/Course History:**

- From HR/Campus Solutions click on Self Service, and then click on Advisee Student Center under Advisor Center
- Put in student name or EMPL ID
- Click on the drop-down box titled “other academic” under the blue bar titled Academics
- Select Course History and click on the >> button to the right.

**Remove a Major Advisement hold** (called a Service Indicator)

- From HR/Campus Solutions go to Advisee Student Center
- Put in student name or EMPL ID
- On the top center tab click on General Information, and when the page comes up, any holds should be obvious
- If there is a Major Advisement hold, click on the Service Indicator's Details
- Click the yellow Release button at upper right
- Click YES when prompted if you'd like to lift the Service Indicator

**Create Favorites:** As you use CUNYfirst, you'll notice that you use certain sites often. To create a shortcut to a particular area of CUNYfirst such as Advisee Student Center, go to that area, click on Add to Favorites (top right of the page), and then click Save. You can also edit your Favorites if desired.
Granting Course Permissions in CUNYfirst

With a student’s ID number in hand, navigate to the “Class Permissions” section of CUNYfirst, which can be found in the menu under Records and Enrollment > Term Processing > Class Permissions > Class Permissions.¹ (If you don’t have the CUNYfirst ID, you can use firstname lastname to find the student using the Magnifying Glass. If it is a common name, you will need additional identifying criteria such as last 4 of SSN.

1. Here, first search for the class. You’ll need to provide at least the following:
   - JJC01 in “Academic Institution” for John Jay (JJC zero one)
   - Choose term i.e. 1199 in “Term” for the Fall 2019 semester— or, decoded: 21st century; 2019; 9 = Fall/September; similarly, 1202 for Spring/Winter 2020, and 1206 for Summer 2020.
   - The course prefix (CRJ, ICJ, PAD, etc.) in “Subject Area”
   - The course number in “Catalog Nbr”
   - You can select “Undergraduate” under “Academic Career,” but the info to this point should suffice to identify the course.’
   - Click Search

Example:

2. Once you see the desired course, navigate to the proper SECTION by using side arrows at top or clicking “View All”. Be sure the section you use is NOT a Cancelled section!!

¹ NOTE: Once on the Class Permissions page, you can add it to your favorites by clicking “Add to Favorites” in the upper-right-hand corner.
3. Once on the desired section, scroll to bottom to enter the Student’s EMPL ID in a blank row. (If you need an empty row, click the + sign to add a row). If you don’t have the student’s EMPL, click the magnifying glass to search by name.

4. **Change the expiration date** on the row. It will default to the end of first week of the semester. This is important to consider when granting Overtallies.

5. There are **TABS at top of the student area** of screen. Under the **Permission Tab** are the boxes you should check to give the specific permissions to the student.

These are:

- **Closed Class** – if checked, gives permission for that student to be “**overtally**” into the course.

- **Requisites Not Met** – if checked, gives permission to waive that student’s **pre-requisites** for the course.

- **Consent Required** – if checked, gives general permission for a student to take course (e.g., for those requiring permission of instructor such as internships, undergraduate research experience courses).

- **Career Restriction** – if checked, gives permission for a graduate student to take an undergraduate course or for an undergraduate student to take a graduate course. (You will rarely use this).

The most usual ones to check are “Closed Class” to grant an **overtally**, “Requisites Not Met” to **override a prerequisite** or co-requisite, or “Consent Required” to give **instructor or department approval**.

6. You can also add a note if you click the **COMMENTS Tab**. The **Updated By Tab** shows who granted the permission.

Before you hit “Save,” you can add additional students to this screen if you need to by clicking the plus button alongside the student’s name. Also note that if someone else has already given one or more students permission, those names will already be there. Just click the plus next to the last student in the list to add your new student(s). When finished, remember to click “Save.”

After you hit save, the system will ask you if you want to **Apply This Permission to ALL sections** of the course. If you know the student wants a particular section, say NO. Also, be aware when giving Overtallies, Do NOT say Yes to Apply to all sections!!!

**Some Things to Keep in Mind**

- Giving a student permission to register is **NOT** the same as registering the student for the class. Once permission is granted through the above procedure, the student must still register for the class on their own through CUNYfirst.

- Permissions are **ONE TIME USE** only. That is, if a student uses permission to register for a class, for example, then drops that class (or is dropped from it because of non-payment), then wants to re-register, that student will need to be given permission as if registering for the first time.

If you have any questions contact Kathy Killoran at **kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu** or 212-237-8263.
**AdvisorTrac**

AdvisorTrac is a powerful and complete management software system designed for academic advising centers at colleges and universities. As a unified system, it allows advising staff to track visits to advising centers, record and share notes about sessions and report on student activity and progress. It is completely web-based and can be accessed from any desktop with internet connection. At John Jay College, the software is used primarily for appointment scheduling (including student self-service online scheduling), recording and storing advisor notes from student visits, uploading relevant advising documents, assessment through surveys and most importantly, creating standardized reports on students’ visits. As a faculty advisor, you can use AdvisorTrac to schedule your availability for individual student appointments. Students will be able to book their appointments online once you have created your availability. Follow the steps listed below to access AdvisorTrac and create your advising appointment availability.

**Creating Availability in AdvisorTrac:**

- Go to the John Jay homepage, and select the AdvisorTrac link from Web Apps at the top of the page.
- Sign into the program with your user name and password (same as your John Jay computer user name and password).
- Access your “Schedule” from the main menu option.
- Move your cursor to the day and time of the intended “Availability.”
- Change the “Max number of students allowed” to 1.
- Choose the correct duration for the appointment by using the “From and To” times.
- Save the availability.
## 11. Quick Answer Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Question/ Issue</th>
<th>What To Do</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Student asks where to find an official list of major requirements</td>
<td>Student can go to <a href="http://jjay.smartcatalogiq.com/">http://jjay.smartcatalogiq.com/</a> and click on the Bulletin that was in effect when s/he declared the major, then look up the requirements. Students can also go to the Major Resource Pages, click on their major, and find not only major requirements but all sorts of additional major-related information and materials. Encourage students to use DegreeWorks as well, but only with the appropriate Undergraduate Bulletin to confirm accuracy. If your department has a major checklist of requirements provided to students, it's important that it matches the Bulletin requirements. It can be helpful if the checklist indicates clearly when its requirements went into effect (e.g. somewhere on the form include text such as “For students declaring the major in Fall 2019 or after.”) Make sure your major’s checklist is also on your major’s Resource Page in the Monitor Your Progress in the Major section. Contact Louise Freymann (<a href="mailto:lfreymann@jjay.cuny.edu">lfreymann@jjay.cuny.edu</a>) for any requested additions/edits to your Major Resource Page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student wants to declare a major or minor</td>
<td>Refer student to Jay Express counter, main floor (L), NB, near 11th Avenue, to submit a major or minor declaration form. To find the most updated Declaration of Major and Declaration of Minor forms, see Jay Stop's list of Registrar Forms: <a href="https://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php">https://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks you to grant a substitution for a major/minor requirement</td>
<td>This is your call. See Best Practices section of this Handbook for what to consider when this comes up. Notify the Registrar of any substitutions by submitting a Course Substitution Request form from the Jay Stop website. Go to <a href="http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php">http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php</a>, scroll down and click on Course Substitution Request to access the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student can't access Degree Audit</td>
<td>Often this problem is solved when a student logs in to the CUNY Portal, clicks on My Profile, chooses John Jay as the primary college, saves this information and then clicks on DegreeWorks-Online Advisement System. If the problem persists, tell the student to call or visit Do IT Dept of Information Technology: 212-237-8200; L2.73.00 NB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student can't access CUNYfirst account</td>
<td>New students should first check in with the Admissions Office at L.64 NB (212-237-8866). Otherwise, students should contact Do It, Dept of Information Technology, 212-237-8200 (L2.73 NB). Sometimes students are mistakenly putting in their John Jay email username/password, not realizing that CUNYfirst requires its own username and password.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks how to remove a hold on CUNYfirst</td>
<td>The student can click on the hold to see which department put it on and then talk with that department to discuss its removal. See Essential Advising Tools section of this Handbook for more technology information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scenario</td>
<td>Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student doesn’t know how to use DegreeWorks to maximize its usefulness</td>
<td>If you can, take a few moments to show the student some best practices. See Essential Advising Tools section of this Handbook for technology information. Academic Advisors and Peer Advisors in the Academic Advisement Center (L73 NB) can also help students understand how to use DegreeWorks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student believes DegreeWorks is incorrect about remaining general education requirements or major requirements</td>
<td>You can confirm whether DegreeWorks is accurate in its presentation of major requirements. If it is not, contact Kathy Killoran, <a href="mailto:kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu">kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu</a>; (212) 237-8263. If it is accurate in its presentation of major requirements but there is a problem specific to that particular student, contact Ivette Rivera in the Registrar’s Office (<a href="mailto:ivrivera@jjay.cuny.edu">ivrivera@jjay.cuny.edu</a>). Refer student to Academic Advisement Center in L.73 NB to confirm whether the Audit is correct about needed general education requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer student asks which transfer courses can count towards the major or minor</td>
<td>Sometimes this is obvious, and sometimes it is not. If you believe that a transfer course that didn’t get evaluated/posted as a specific major requirement nevertheless should meet that requirement, you can authorize a course substitution. Make sure the Registrar knows about any substitutions by submitting a Course Substitution Request form. Go to <a href="http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php">http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php</a>, scroll down and click on Course Substitution Request to access the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer student asks why a course from the other school doesn’t appear on the John Jay transcript—or why a course appears only as elective credit</td>
<td>Refer student to the Office of Testing and Evaluation at L71 NB (212-237-8108) to discuss any questions regarding course evaluation. If a student receives elective or blanket credit, this means that there is no direct equivalent at John Jay. If you believe that any such credit should count towards your major, you can submit a Course Substitution Request form. Go to <a href="http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php">http://jstop.jjay.cuny.edu/registrar.php</a>, scroll down and click on Course Substitution Request to access the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer student asks if it’s necessary to take the CUNY Math test</td>
<td>See Major Advising and Transfer Students section of this Handbook. Student should consult with an Academic Advisor in L73 NB to confirm if it’s necessary to take the test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student wants to discuss progress in general education requirements</td>
<td>Refer student to DegreeWorks and also encourage a visit to the Academic Advisement Center at L73 NB (646-557-4872 or 646-557-4816), since DegreeWorks is not always accurate or clear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks about the deadline for dropping or adding a class</td>
<td>Show student how to access the Academic Calendar. The last day to add or swap is typically end of first week; last day to drop is typically tenth week. The Academic Calendar will show the specific deadlines.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Question</td>
<td>Answer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks about study abroad and whether classes from abroad can count towards the major or minor or gen ed requirements</td>
<td>Refer student to the Office of International Studies and Programs at 530 Haaren Hall (212-484-1390) <a href="https://www.jjay.cuny.edu/OISP/studyabroad">https://www.jjay.cuny.edu/OISP/studyabroad</a> for general information. If the student is interested in a particular program, s/he can talk with you about major/minor courses from that program and Kathy Killoran (<a href="mailto:kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu">kkilloran@jjay.cuny.edu</a>, 212-237-8263) about study abroad and general education requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student has questions about financial aid/TAP</td>
<td>Refer student to Jay Express counter, main floor (L) NB, near 11th Avenue. TAP contact person is Rose O'Neill (212-237-8476, <a href="mailto:roneill@jjay.cuny.edu">roneill@jjay.cuny.edu</a>)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student wants to know about internship opportunities and career resources</td>
<td>Share what you know about internships in your major, and refer students to the Center for Career and Professional Development at L.72 NB (212-2378754). Katheryn Crawford (<a href="mailto:kcrawford@jjay.cuny.edu">kcrawford@jjay.cuny.edu</a>) is the contact for any internship-related questions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks when s/he will be able to graduate</td>
<td>This depends on many factors. To confirm, student should discuss major or minor progress with you and also meet with an Academic Advisor in L.73 NB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks about graduation application process</td>
<td>Once a student has earned 105 credits, s/he can file for Graduation in the Student Center in CUNYFirst. Students click the “Other Academics” drop down menu and select ‘Apply for Graduation’. If a student does not see that option, there might be some issue to address (e.g. student owes money to the College). If the student has checked in with you and a general advisor and all seems to be in order, refer to Jay Express if s/he still can’t apply to graduate in CUNYfirst. See Advising the Graduating Senior, p. 17.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student has applied to graduate but has heard nothing and is concerned</td>
<td>Remind student that the Registrar has to process many graduation applications and it can take weeks or months to hear back from that office. Students who have applied can check their CUNYfirst Student Center and click on the Academics tab. It should say APPLIED, and if the Registrar has checked the student’s record and all looks good to go after the student has completed all courses registered for, it should say PENDING. If the student is very concerned, s/he can email Ms. Ivette Rivera, the certifying graduation officer (<a href="mailto:ivrivera@jjay.cuny.edu">ivrivera@jjay.cuny.edu</a>), but this is unnecessary if PENDING is on the CUNYfirst Academics page. The student should not keep submitting graduation applications! See Advising the Graduating Senior, p. 17.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student has questions about the commencement ceremony</td>
<td>Refer student to Student Transition Programs in Student Affairs, L2.70.01 NB, 646-557-4797. For more information about commencement, go to <a href="http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/graduation">www.jjay.cuny.edu/graduation</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student seems to have a lot of academic difficulty and/or emotional distress</td>
<td>Refer student to the Counseling Services Center at L68 NB (212-237-8100). If the situation seems extreme, offer to walk the student there yourself. For academic difficulties, please refer student to the Academic Advisement Center in L73 NB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Question</td>
<td>Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks if it's possible to take a class at another campus</td>
<td>Refer student to permit guidelines: <a href="http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/permitcourses-cuny-epermit-and-non-cuny-institution-permit">http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/permitcourses-cuny-epermit-and-non-cuny-institution-permit</a> and Jay Express. There are different procedures depending on whether a student wishes to attend a CUNY school or a non-CUNY school. The Registrar’s office must approve courses that students take elsewhere. Questions should be referred to Sara Scaldafferry (sscaldaфф<a href="mailto:erry@jjay.cuny.edu">erry@jjay.cuny.edu</a>; 646-557-4757).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student asks if it's possible to receive academic credit for prior work/life experience</td>
<td>Refer student to Michael Rohdin, Prior Learning Assessment Coordinator (<a href="mailto:mrohdin@jjay.cuny.edu">mrohdin@jjay.cuny.edu</a>) in 532 Haaren Hall (212-484-1343).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12. Academic Policies and Procedures

The Undergraduate Bulletin contains all academic policies and procedures and should always be consulted to ensure the most up-to-date policies. The section titled “Academic Standards” contains the most relevant policies for academic advising, a brief overview of which follows:

Official Class Standing
Each matriculated (degree candidate) student is considered to be in one of eight classes, according to the number of credits that have been earned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Class Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lower Freshman</td>
<td>0-14.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Freshman</td>
<td>15-29.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Sophomore</td>
<td>30-44.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Sophomore</td>
<td>45-59.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Junior</td>
<td>60-74.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Junior</td>
<td>75-89.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Senior</td>
<td>90-104.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Senior</td>
<td>105 or more</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum Number of Courses in a Term
Undergraduate students are permitted to register for up to 18 credits per term in the fall and spring, and up to 14 credits during a summer term, not to exceed 7 credits in any one summer session. Students can take one course in the winter session. Students may take a 1-credit physical education (PED) activity course in excess of these limits by contacting Jay Express Services. Juniors and Seniors with grade point averages of 3.30 or above may take one course in excess of these limits by contacting Jay Express Services.

When making decisions about course load, students are encouraged to take into account factors such as employment and family responsibilities, and to register for the number of courses in which they can reasonably expect to do well. Students should plan to spend at least two hours on course work outside of class for every hour they spend in class.
Changing a Major After 45 Credits Earned
If students wish to change their major after earning 45 credits, they must meet with a general academic advisor in the Academic Advisement Center (AAC) to discuss whether this switch is feasible, and do some general planning. The advisor will sign the Declaration Form if the major change makes sense, and will encourage the student to meet with a major advisor soon for an in-depth discussion of how best to complete major requirements. An exception to this permission protocol is the Spanish major. Students wishing to switch to a Spanish major must get the approval signature from a Spanish major advisor rather than an AAC advisor on the Declaration Form.

Note: Students wishing to switch to any science major do not need a general academic advisor signature, though getting a general advisor’s perspective may be very helpful. Only the Science Department can sign the Declaration Form approving a switch to Forensic Science, Cell and Molecular Biology, or Toxicology.

Double Majors
Students can choose to pursue two separate majors after they have earned at least 12 college credits. Both majors must be 45 credits or less (unless an exception is approved by the Dean of Undergraduate Studies Office). Students must complete each of the degree requirements entirely with a major GPA of at least 2.0 in each. When the majors are from different degree designations (BA, BS), the student will receive the degree associated with their first major in CUNYfirst. Students can change the order of their majors at Jay Express.

Degree Overlap Policy
To satisfy the requirements of any degree program, no more than two courses (of 3 credits or more) may overlap between a major and a minor, a major and a second major, a minor and a second minor, or a certificate program and any other degree program. Credits earned from internships and independent studies may not be included in the two courses of overlap.

Two Bachelor’s Degrees
If students wish to earn two entire degrees and two diplomas, they must complete an additional 30 credits in residence beyond the 120 required for the first bachelor’s degree. Students who earn their first bachelor’s degree at John Jay and return to earn a second bachelor’s degree are not subject to the maximum two course overlap rule.

Required Repetition/Number of Attempts of Failed Courses
Students who receive the grade of F, FIN or WU in a required course must repeat the course at the next earliest opportunity. However, students who receive the grade of F, W, WU, or FIN—or any combination of these grades—three times for the same course shall be barred from registering the following semester because the student is not making appropriate progress toward a degree. A stop shall be placed on the registration of such students by the Registrar. These students are required to be advised by the Academic Advisement Center or
the coordinator of the student’s major or minor, as appropriate, or by a SEEK counselor if the student is in the SEEK Program. Such students shall be permitted to register only after a plan of study is developed and agreed to in writing and official written permission for the student to register is transmitted to the Registrar. If it is determined that the student is unable to make progress toward completing the degree, the student may be permanently barred from registering.

CUNY F-grade Policy; Repetition of Failed Courses and the Grade Point Average
Beginning in the Fall 1990 semester and in any semester thereafter, the grade of F or WU is not computed in the overall grade point average when a student repeats the failed course and receives a grade of C or better. The original F or WU, however, remains on the student’s official transcript. The number of failing credits that can be omitted from the grade point average in this manner is limited to 16 for the duration of the student’s undergraduate enrollment in CUNY. Repeated courses may be taken either at John Jay or via epermit at another CUNY college.

Independent Study Courses
Students who wish to undertake independent study under the direction of a member of the faculty must complete an “Independent Study Form.” The form must be signed by both the faculty member and the department Chair, certified by the Registrar and accepted during the official registration period and prior to the end of the second week of class. All 400-level independent studies must be approved by the Office of Undergraduate Studies. Approval is subject to the academic prerequisites listed in the course description and the following stipulations:

- The student must have completed 60 degree credits and have at least a 2.50 grade point average.
- Students may take only one independent study course each semester, up to a total of four such courses for the duration of their undergraduate enrollment at the College.
- The instructor must be a full-time member of the faculty.
- The instructor cannot sponsor more than two independent studies per semester.

Permission for exceptions to these regulations must be obtained from the department Chair and the Registrar or the Office of Undergraduate Studies prior to the registration period.

Permit/CUNY ePermit Courses
A permit course is a course taken at another college for which students receive credit at John Jay College. See the Undergraduate Bulletin for details on who is eligible and how to apply. Here is a helpful link: http://www.jjay.cuny.edu/permit-courses-cuny-epermit-and-non-cuny-institution-permit

Sara Scaldafferry (sscaldafferry@jjay.cuny.edu) is a good contact person if you have questions!
Pass/Fail option
Upon completion of 60 credits, students with a grade point average of 2.0 and higher may take one course a semester under a Pass/Fail Option, for a total of four such courses. The Pass/Fail Option may be applied only to general elective credit, not courses satisfying the College's general education requirements and courses in the student's major. Students can take 1/3 of minor courses under the pass/fail option as per the Requirements of Minors.

Application for the Pass/Fail Option must be made at the Jay Express Services Center before the conclusion of the second week of classes during the fall and spring semester, at the end of the first week of classes for summer session, and by the third class for winter session. Once granted, this option is irrevocable. The grade of P received for a course taken under the Pass/Fail option is not computed in the grade point average. Grades of F are computed as a zero in the student grade point average.

Graduation with Honors

Latin Honors
Baccalaureate students qualify for three levels of Latin Honors awarded at graduation:

- Summa cum laude (with highest distinction), awarded to students whose cumulative grade point average is at least 3.9
- Magna cum laude (with great distinction), awarded to students whose cumulative grade point average is at least 3.75
- Cum laude (with distinction), awarded to students whose cumulative grade point average is at least 3.5

To be eligible for graduation with honors, a student must complete at least 56 credits at the College. Students who entered the College with an Associate degree qualify for these honors with a minimum of 52 credits earned at the College. All courses and earned grades obtained at John Jay and elsewhere enter into the computation of the GPA.

The eligibility of students who transfer into John Jay from other college(s) for such important academic recognition as Latin Honors (summa, magna, cum laude), valedictorian and salutatorian status, and other graduation awards shall include their cumulative GPA at their previous college(s), which shall be averaged in with the grades they have earned at John Jay.

Honors in the Major
To qualify for honors in the major, a student must have completed the credit requirements for the major and have earned at least a 3.5 cumulative grade point average in courses above the 100-level in the major. Grades for major prerequisite courses will not be calculated into the major cumulative GPA. Students must also have earned at least a 3.2 overall cumulative grade point average. This honor will be noted on the student’s transcript. Note: some majors have additional requirements for honors in the major. Consult the Undergraduate Bulletin.